

SAMPLE QUESTION PAPER
BUDDHIST STUDIES
CLASS-XII

Time Allowed: 3hrs.

Max. Marks: 80

General Instructions:

- Answer all the questions. Some questions have internal choice. Marks are indicated against each question.
- Question number 1 to 20 (Part-A) are objective type questions carrying 1 mark should be one word or one sentence each.
- Very Short Answer to questions carrying 2 marks (Part-B Question 21 to 26) should not exceed 100 words each.
- Short Answer to questions carrying 4 marks (Part-C Question 27 to 31) should not exceed 200 words each.
- Long Answer to questions carrying 6 marks (Part-D Question 32 to 34) should not exceed 600 words each.
- Question numbers 35 (Part -E) are Source based questions carrying 6 marks each.
- Question number 36 (Part-F) is a Map question that includes identification and location of significant test items. Attach the map with the answer book

S. No.	PART- A	Marks
1.	Which is not related to Trisharanagamana (Tripple Gem) is: a) The Buddha b) The Dharma c) The Sangha d) The Monk	1
2.	The Five Precepts are the basic _____ for the followers of the philosophy: a) ethical guidelines b) an absolute rigid set of rules c) Both a & b d) None of the above	1
3.	“Adinnadaveramanisikkhapadamsadiyami” means: a) To abstain from stealing b) To abstain from killing c) To abstain from telling lies d) To abstain from all sexual activity	1
4.	The Five Precepts in Pali language is known as a) PanchaShila b) Pañcaśīla c) PanchaMahavrata d) PanchaSkyandas	1
5.	Define the concept of Karma according to the Buddhist philosophy.	1
6.	According to the Buddhism Rebirth follows the law of _____: a) Dependent Origination b) Four Noble Truths c) Eight Fold Path d) Five Precepts	1
7.	Who was the president of the First Buddhist Council : a) Upagupta b) Dhidhika c) MahaKasyapa d) Ananda	1
8	Who helped the women for their entry into the Sangha a) MahaKasyapa b) Ananda c) Upagupta d) Shvenavastra	1
9.	Upagupta was a renowned Buddhist monk, who lived in the ____ : a) 6 th century BCE	1



[Handwritten signature]

[Handwritten signature]

	b) 5 th century BCE c) 3 rd century CE d) 3 rd century BCE	
10.	Which is not related to the Buddhism: a) Four Noble Truth b) Eight Fold Path c) Twelve Links d) Seven Noble Truth	1
11.	Tripitaka means: a) Three baskets b) Four baskets c) Eight baskets d) Ten baskets	1
12.	Vinaya Pitaka comes under the : a) Kangyur b) Stangyur c) Tripitaka d) Triratana	1
13.	Acharya Nagarjuna's most famous work is : a) The Visuddhimagga b) The Mulamadhyamakakarika c) The Mahavamsa d) The Dhamapada	1
14.	Dharmakīrti wrote a) The Vijnapti-matrata-siddhi b) The Pramāṇa-vārttika c) The Pramāṇa-samuccaya d) The Hethucakra	1
15.	_____ refers to a mental consciousness that aspires to attain enlightenment for the benefit of all sentient beings. a) Bodhisattvas b) Goutam Buddha c) Bodhikatha d) Bodhicitta	1
16.	The Acharya Dharmakīrti writes: 1. Nyāyabindu 2. Visuddhimagga 3. Vādanyāya 4. Sambandhparikshā a) I, II and III b) II, III and IV c) I, III and IV d) II and III only	1
17.	How many Perfection according to the Theravada tradition : a) 8 b) 9 c) 11 d) 10	1
18.	Dāna refers as: a) Energy b) Insight c) Truthfulness d) Generosity	1

shms

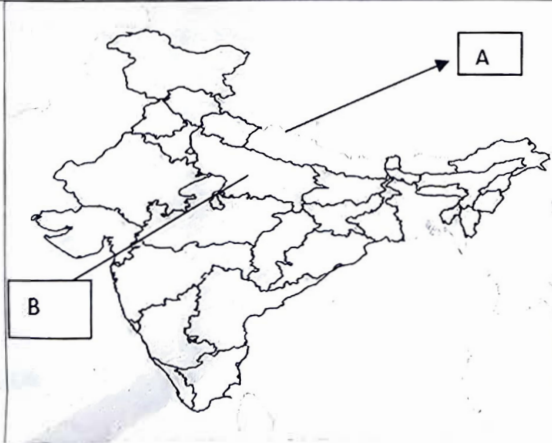
Anna (Ami) S

19.	Ambaran Buddhist site is located in : a) Kashmir Region b) Jammu Region c) Punjab Region d) Ladakh Region	1
20.	<p>Identify the following image and write its name.</p>  <p>OR</p> <p>Identify the following image and write its name.</p>  <p>Question For Visually Impaired candidates only: In lieu of Question number 20. Ambaran Buddhist site is located on the bank of river _____. OR Ambaran Buddhist sites is _____ km far from Jammu city</p>	1
PART -B		
21.	Define the word "Dharma" according to the Buddhism.	2
22.	Describe the Buddhist concept of Panchshila.	2
23.	Write a short note on Re-birth according to the Buddhism.	2
24.	Write a note on the contribution of MahaKasyapa.	2
25..	Write in detail the important works of Dharamkirti	2
26.	Write a short note on the Ten Paramitas.	2
PART-C		
27.	Describe in details the contribution of Acharya Nagarjuna and Vasubandhu.	4
28	Write a short.note on Alchi monastery.	4
29	Explain the life history of Ananda and his important contribution.	4
30.	Explāin in details the classification and benefits of Parmitas.	4
31	Who was Upagupta and his contributions to Buddhism.	4
PART-D		
32	Define Bodhichitta and its classification in detail.	
OR		
	Describe in detail the history and different periods of Ambran Buddhist site.	6
33	Classify and write a short note on all Buddhist sites of Kashmir	
OR		
	Explain how Buddhist plays important role for achieving World Peace.	6

Handwritten signature/initials

Handwritten signature

34.	Write the names of Buddhist monasteries of Leh and explain any two.	
OR		
	Write the names of Buddhist monasteries of Leh and explain any two.	6
PART-E		
35.	<p>The ten far-reaching attitudes, (Skt. <i>Paramita</i>, Pali: <i>parami</i>; English perfections) are found in the Theravada, Mahayana, and Bon traditions. Literally, they are states of mind that bring bodhisattvas to the far shore – namely, to enlightenment. Although shravakas (listeners to Buddha’s teachings who aim for the liberation of an arhat) may also develop these attitudes, they are not considered “far-reaching” unless they are conjoined with a bodhichitta aim. The Theravada version of the <i>Previous Life Accounts</i> (sKyes-rab, Skt. <i>Jataka</i>) of Buddha when he practiced as a bodhisattva speaks of ten far-reaching attitudes. The Sarvastivada version has only six. Within Mahayana, both <i>The Prajnaparamita; Sutras on Far-Reaching Discriminating Awareness, Perfection of Wisdom Sutras</i>) and <i>The Sutra of the White Lotus of the Hallowed Dharma</i> Skt: <i>Saddharmapundarika-nama Mahayana Sutra; The Lotus Sutra</i>) discuss only six.</p> <p>a) In Pali language Perfection is refers as? b) According to Theravada there are _____ Paramitas? c) Mahayana considers only _____ Paramitas?</p>	2+2+2=6
PART-F		
36.	<p>(36.1) On the given political outline map of India, locate and label the following with appropriate symbols:</p> <p>a. Bodhgaya OR Saranath b. Ambaran</p> <p>(36.2) On the same outline map two places have been marked as A & B which are related to the Buddha’s life. Identify them and write their correct names on the lines marked near them.</p> <p>Note: The following questions are for the Visually Impaired Candidates only in lieu of Q. No.33.</p> <p>(36.1) Name any three works of Dignaga. OR Name any three monasteries of Leh. (36.2) Name any three Buddhist sites of Kashmir</p>	<p>2</p> <p>2</p> <p>2+2=4</p>



[Handwritten signature]

[Handwritten initials]